

Post-operative Arthroscopic Partial Meniscectomy Physical Therapy Rehabilitation Protocol

Each phase should include:

Physical Therapy (PT) intervention as indicated by treating Physical Therapist's plan of care within guidelines of this study protocol. Home Exercise Program (HEP) as indicated 12-15 repetitions with 1-2 sets of each exercise Perform>=8 exercises within each phase Protocol to include land based exercises only

## Phase I: Acute Phase (1-10 days post-op)

## Goals of Phase I

- Diminish inflammation and swelling
- Restore A/PROM
- Reestablish quadriceps muscle activity

## Intervention

- Cryotherapy (examples include Cryocuff<sup>™</sup>, cold packs, Game Ready<sup>™</sup>, ice, etc)
- Therapeutic Exercises

(Initially exercises are done without weights; when patient is able to perform 2 sets of an exercise, exercises are progressed to repetitions with weights as indicated)

- $\circ$  Open Chain
  - Quadriceps sets
  - Straight Leg Raise (SLR), progress to PRE
  - Hip adduction and abduction and extension, progress to PRE
  - Knee extension-progress to knee extension 90-40 degrees (PRE)
  - AA/PROM stretching, emphasizing full knee flexion and extension to tolerance
  - Stretching (hamstrings, gastrocsoleus, ITB and quadriceps)
- o Closed Chain
  - Terminal knee extension using elastic band as resistance
  - Standing hamstring curls, progress to PRE
  - Toe raises
  - Modified squats (wall squats, ½ squats)
  - Stationary bicycle-no resistance
- Proprioceptive drills
- Gait Training: weight bearing as tolerated initially with crutches progression to no device, full weight bearing
- Electrical Stimulation/Biofeedback
  - Muscle re-education to quadriceps during quadriceps exercises if unable to perform quad set





# Criteria for Progression to Phase II

Patient must meet 3 of the 4 criteria.

- $0^{\circ}$  extension to  $\geq 115^{\circ}$  A/PROM (goniometer)
- Moderate to minimal effusion
- Mild to moderate knee pain(≤4/10 pain on VAS)
- Muscle Strength ≥3/5 MMT quads and hams

### Phase II: Subacute Phase (10 days-4 weeks post-op)

## Goals of Phase II

- Restore and improve muscular strength and endurance.
- Reestablish full pain free AROM.
- Gradual return to functional activities.
- Minimize gait deviations

### Intervention

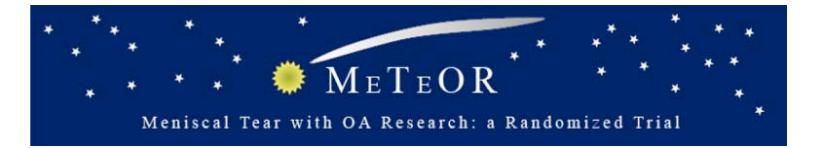
- Cryotherapy (examples include Cryocuff<sup>™</sup>, cold packs, Game Ready<sup>™</sup>, ice, etc)
- Therapeutic Exercises
  - Open Chain Exercises
    - Stretching (hamstrings, gastrocsoleus, ITB and quadriceps)
    - Passive/Active-assisted/Active ROM knee flexion (if necessary)
    - SLR (PRE)
    - Knee extension 90-40 degrees (PRE)
    - Hamstring curls (PRE)
    - Hip abduction and adduction and extension (PRE)
  - Closed Chain Exercises
    - Bicycle, treadmill or elliptical for motion, strength and endurance
    - Terminal knee extension using elastic band as resistance
    - Modified squats (wall squats, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> squats, unsupported squats)
      - Step-ups/downs progression (forward/lateral with increasing height)
      - Leg press, Total Gym<sup>™</sup>, etc
      - Toe raises
  - Proprioceptive and agility training

#### Criteria for Progression to Phase III

Patient must meet 4 of the 5 criteria.

- 0° extension to ≥125° A/PROM
- Normal Joint Play
- Minimal effusion
- ≤2/10 pain on VAS
- Muscle Strength 5/5 MMT quads and hams





# Phase III: Advanced Activity Phase (4-7 weeks post-op)

#### Goals for Phase III

- Enhance muscular strength and endurance.
- Maintain full ROM.
- Return to sport/functional activities

#### Intervention

- Therapeutic Exercises
  - Emphasis on closed-kinetic chain exercises(leg press, Total Gym<sup>™</sup>, modified squats, step-ups/downs)
  - Closed Chain terminal knee extension using elastic band as resistance
  - Continue PRE exercise program
  - Stretches (hamstrings, gastrocsoleus, ITB and quadriceps).
  - Stationary bicycle with resistance, treadmill, elliptical
  - Proprioceptive and agility training (dynamic single leg stance, plyometrics, running, carioca, figure 8s)

