



Denied Provisions in State Waivers to Expand Medicaid

Premiums greater than 2% of income for enrollees under 100% FPL. Requested by: *AZ, IA, IN*.

Premiums greater than 2% of income for enrollees over 100% FPL. Requested by: *IA, IN, PA*.

Enrollee cost-sharing percentage calculated on an annual basis rather than quarterly or monthly basis. Requested by: *IA*.

Copays for missed appointments. Requested by: *AZ*.

Time limit on coverage. Requested by: *AR, AZ, MI*.

Placing enrollees into managed care plans that do not explicitly meet federal Medicaid standards. Requested by: *PA*.

State authority to change program structure in year 2 to charge lower-income enrollees premiums without going through the waiver amendment and approval process. Requested by: *PA*.

Disenrollment penalties for enrollees with incomes under 100% FPL. Requested by: *IA*.

Waiver of wraparound benefits. Requested by: *PA*.

No wraparound benefits for enrollees over 100% FPL enrolled in Marketplace plans. Requested by: *IA*.

Waiver of EPSDT for 19 and 20 year-olds. Requested by: *IA, IN*.

Requirement for work, job search activity, job training, or work referral as a condition of eligibility. Requested by: *AZ, IN, PA*.

Medicaid pays up to 75% of employer-sponsored plan cost for enrollees (employers responsible for at least 25%). Note: HHS did approve this provision for businesses that haven't previously offered coverage to employees. Requested by: *AR*.

Additional verification requirements. Requested by: *AZ*.

Source: <http://familiesusa.org/product/state-medicaid-expansion-waivers>

Notes:

Until Indiana's waiver was approved, CMS had rejected proposals to eliminate retroactive coverage, waive reasonable promptness, and lockout enrollees above 100% FPL who failed to pay premiums, account contributions, or cost-sharing.

- Kentucky has also requested a waiver of retroactive coverage in their waiver application, which is still being reviewed by CMS.
- New Hampshire was granted a conditional waiver of retroactive coverage in January 2016.
- Cost-sharing for non-emergency use of the ER that exceeds allowable Medicaid cost-sharing has been approved in several states now (*AZ, IN, NH*).

Further Resources:

- Approved and denied provisions in state expansion waivers can be found [here](#) (December 2015).
- Key themes in approved expansion waivers can be found [here](#) (March 2017).