

**Items controlled under ECCN 1A004, 2B351, 2B352 & 2D352:**

**1A004 Items:**

“Protective and detection equipment (and components)”:  
*Reason for Control:* NS(2), CB(2) for .c, RS(2), AT(1)

- a. **Full face masks, filter canisters and decontamination equipment** therefor, designed or modified for defense against any of the following, and “specially designed” “components” therefor:  
*NOTE: 1A004.a includes Powered Air Purifying Respirators (PAPR) that are designed or modified for defense against agents or materials, listed in 1A004.a.*  
*TECHNICAL NOTES: For the purpose of 1A004.a:*  
1. Full face masks are also known as gas masks.  
2. Filter canisters include filter cartridges.
- a.1. 'Biological agents;'  
a.2. 'Radioactive materials;'  
a.3. Chemical warfare (CW) agents; *or*  
a.4. 'Riot control agents,' as follows:  
a..4.a.  $\alpha$ -Bromobenzeneacetonitrile, (Bromobenzyl cyanide) (CA) (CAS 5798-79-8);  
a..4.b. [(2-chlorophenyl) methylene] propanedinitrile, (o-Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) (CS) (CAS 2698-41-1);  
a..4.c. 2-Chloro-1-phenylethanone, Phenylacyl chloride ( $\omega$ -chloroacetophenone) (CN) (CAS 532-27-4);  
a..4.d. Dibenz-(b,f)-1,4-oxazepine, (CR) (CAS 257-07-8);  
a..4.e. 10-Chloro-5, 10-dihydrophenarsazine, (Phenarsazine chloride), (Adamsite), (DM) (CAS 578-94-9);  
a..4.f. N-Nonanoylmorpholine, (MPA) (CAS 5299-64-9);
- b. **Protective suits, gloves and shoes**, “specially designed” or modified for defense against any of the following:  
b.1. 'Biological agents;'  
b.2. 'Radioactive materials;' *or*  
b.3. Chemical warfare (CW) agents;
- c. **Detection systems**, “specially designed” or modified for detection or identification of any of the following, and “specially designed” “components” therefor:  
c.1. 'Biological agents;'  
c.2. 'Radioactive materials;' *or*  
c.3. Chemical warfare (CW) agents;
- d. Electronic equipment designed for automatically detecting or identifying the presence of “explosives”

**2B351 Items:**

“Toxic gas monitors and monitoring systems”:  
*Reason for Control:* CB(2), AT(1)

- a. Designed for continuous operation and usable for the detection of chemical warfare agents or precursor chemicals controlled by 1C350 at concentrations of less than 0.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; *or*
- b. Designed for the detection of cholinesterase-inhibiting activity.

**2B352 Items:**

“Equipment capable of use in handling biological materials”:

*Reason for Control:* CB(2), AT(1)

a. **Containment facilities and related equipment**, as follows:

a.1. Complete containment facilities at P3 or P4 containment level.

TECHNICAL NOTE: P3 or P4 (BL3, BL4, L3, L4) containment levels are as specified in the WHO Laboratory Biosafety Manual (3rd edition, Geneva, 2004).

a.2. Equipment designed for fixed installation in containment facilities specified in paragraph a.1 of this ECCN, as follows:

a.2.a. Double-door pass-through decontamination autoclaves;

a.2.b. Breathing air suit decontamination showers;

a.2.c. Mechanical-seal or inflatable-seal walkthrough doors.

b. **Fermenters** and components as follows:

b.1. Fermenters capable of cultivation of micro-organisms or of live cells for the production of viruses or toxins, without the propagation of aerosols, having a total internal volume of 20 liters or greater.

b.2. Components designed for such fermenters, as follows:

b.2.a. Cultivation chambers designed to be sterilized or disinfected in situ;

b.2.b. Cultivation chamber holding devices; *or*

b.2.c. Process control units capable of simultaneously monitoring and controlling two or more fermentation system parameters (e.g., temperature, pH, nutrients, agitation, dissolved oxygen, air flow, foam control).

TECHNICAL NOTES:

1. Fermenters include bioreactors (including single-use (disposable) bioreactors), chemostats and continuous-flow systems.

2. Cultivation chamber holding devices controlled by 2B352.b.2.b include single-use cultivation chambers with rigid walls.

c. **Centrifugal separators** capable of the continuous separation of pathogenic microorganisms, without the propagation of aerosols, and having **all** of the following characteristics:

c.1. One or more sealing joints within the steam containment area;

c.2. A flow rate greater than 100 liters per hour;

c.3. “Parts” or “components” of polished stainless steel or titanium; *and*

c.4. Capable of in-situ steam sterilization in a closed state.

TECHNICAL NOTE: *Centrifugal separators include decanters.*

d. **Cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment** and “accessories”, as follows:

d.1. Cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment capable of separation of microorganisms, viruses, toxins or cell cultures having all of the following characteristics:

d.1.a. A total filtration area equal to or greater than 1 square meter (1 m<sup>2</sup>); *and*

d.1.b. Having any of the following characteristics:

d.1.b.1. Capable of being sterilized or disinfected in-situ; *or*

d.1.b.2. Using disposable or single-use filtration “parts” or “components”.

*N.B.: 2B352.d.1 does not control reverse osmosis and hemodialysis equipment, as specified by the manufacturer.*

d.2. Cross (tangential) flow filtration “parts” or “components” (e.g., modules, elements, cassettes, cartridges, units or plates) with filtration area equal to or greater than 0.2 square meters (0.2 m<sup>2</sup>) for each “part” or “component” and designed for use in cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment controlled by 2B352.d.1.

TECHNICAL NOTE: *In this ECCN, “sterilized” denotes the elimination of all viable microbes from the equipment through the use of either physical (e.g., steam) or chemical agents. “Disinfected”*

denotes a process to reduce the number of microorganisms, but not usually of bacterial spores, through the use of chemical agents, without necessarily killing or removing all organisms. "Disinfection" and "sterilization" are distinct from "sanitization", the latter referring to cleaning procedures designed to lower the microbial content of equipment without necessarily achieving elimination of all microbial infectivity or viability.

e. Steam, gas or vapor sterilizable freeze-drying equipment with a condenser capacity of 10 kg of ice or greater in 24 hours (10 liters of water or greater in 24 hours) **and** less than 1000 kg of ice in 24 hours (less than 1,000 liters of water in 24 hours).

f. **Spray-drying equipment** capable of drying toxins or pathogenic microorganisms having **all** of the following characteristics:

- f.1. A water evaporation capacity of  $\geq 0.4$  kg/h and  $\leq 400$  kg/h;
- f.2. The ability to generate a typical mean product particle size of  $\leq 10$  micrometers with existing fittings or by minimal modification of the spray-dryer with atomization nozzles enabling generation of the required particle size; *and*
- f.3. Capable of being sterilized or disinfected in situ.

g. **Protective and containment equipment**, as follows:

g.1. **Protective full or half suits, or hoods dependent upon a tethered external air supply** and operating under positive pressure.

TECHNICAL NOTE: *This entry does not control suits designed to be worn with self-contained breathing apparatus.*

g.2. **Biocontainment chambers, isolators, or biological safety cabinets** having **all** of the following characteristics, for normal operation:

g.2.a. Fully enclosed workspace where the operator is separated from the work by a physical barrier;

g.2.b. Able to operate at negative pressure;

g.2.c. Means to safely manipulate items in the workspace; *and*

g.2.d. Supply and exhaust air to and from the workspace is high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filtered.

NOTE 1 TO 2B352.G.2: *2B352.g.2 controls class III biosafety cabinets, as specified in the WHO Laboratory Biosafety Manual (3rd edition, Geneva, 2004) or constructed in accordance with national standards, regulations or guidance.*

NOTE 2 TO 2B352.G.2: *2B352.g.2 controls any isolator having all of the characteristics described in this section, regardless of its intended use and its designation, except for medical isolators "specially designed" for barrier nursing or transportation of infected patients.*

h. **Aerosol inhalation equipment** designed for aerosol challenge testing with microorganisms, viruses or toxins, as follows:

h.1. Whole-body exposure chambers having a capacity of 1 cubic meter or greater;

h.2. Nose-only exposure apparatus utilizing directed aerosol flow and having a capacity for the exposure of 12 or more rodents, or two or more animals other than rodents, and closed animal restraint tubes designed for use with such apparatus.

i. **Spraying or fogging systems** and "parts" and "components" therefor, as follows:

i.1. Complete spraying or fogging systems, "specially designed" or modified for fitting to aircraft, "lighter than air vehicles," or "UAVs," capable of delivering, from a liquid suspension, an initial droplet "VMD" of less than 50 microns at a flow rate of greater than 2 liters per minute;

i.2. Spray booms or arrays of aerosol generating units, "specially designed" or modified for fitting to aircraft, "lighter than air vehicles," or "UAVs," capable of delivering, from a liquid suspension, an initial droplet "VMD" of less than 50 microns at a flow rate of greater than 2 liters per minute;

i.3. Aerosol generating units "specially designed" for fitting to the systems as specified in paragraphs i.1 and i.2 of this ECCN.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

1. *Aerosol generating units are devices "specially designed" or modified for fitting to aircraft and include nozzles, rotary drum atomizers and similar devices.*

2. This ECCN does not control spraying or fogging systems, “parts” and “components,” as specified in 2B352.i, that are demonstrated not to be capable of delivering biological agents in the form of infectious aerosols.

3. Droplet size for spray equipment or nozzles “specially designed” for use on aircraft or “UAVs” should be measured using either of the following methods (pending the adoption of internationally accepted standards):

- a. Doppler laser method,
- b. Forward laser diffraction method.

j. **Nucleic acid assemblers and synthesizers** that are **both**:

- j.1 Partly or entirely automated; *and*
- j.2. Designed to generate continuous nucleic acids greater than 1.5 kilobases in length with error rates less than 5% in a single run.

**2D352 Items:**

**“Software** designed for nucleic acid assemblers and synthesizers controlled by 2B352.j (above) that is capable of designing and building functional genetic elements from digital sequence data”:

*Reason for Control: CB(2), AT(1)*