FEEDING ASSISTANT TRAINING SESSION #5

Vanderbilt Center for Quality Aging & Qsource

Presenter



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Assistant Professor

- Vanderbilt University School of Nursing
- Research Interests: quality of life and quality of care in long-term care; dementia care

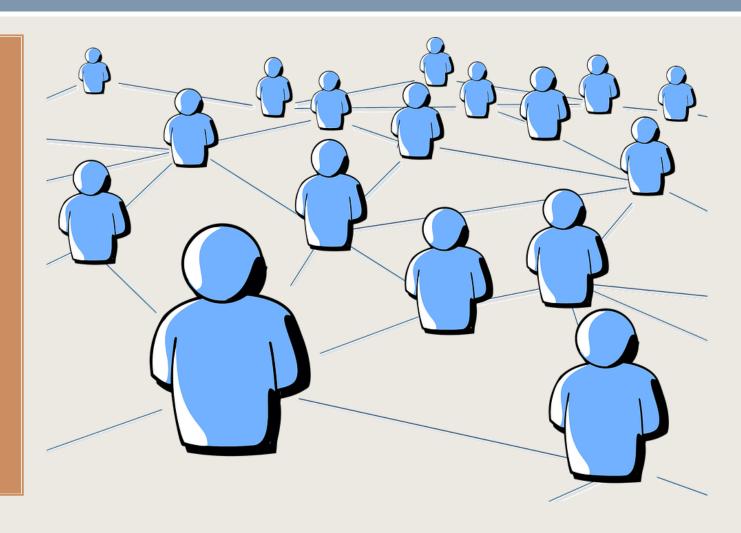
Feeding Assistant Training Session 5

- Provide an overview of difficult behaviors
 - Examples of challenging behaviors
 - Context, causes, and consequences
- Illustrate how to appropriately respond to difficult behaviors

 Discuss specific situations feeding assistants may face

What is 'normal' behavior?

Our behaviors have meaning and purpose.



Challenging Behaviors

- Agitation
 - Wandering
 - Pacing
 - Shouting



- Aggression
 - Kicking
 - Hitting
 - Biting
 - Spitting
 - Refusing care

Context of Challenging Behaviors

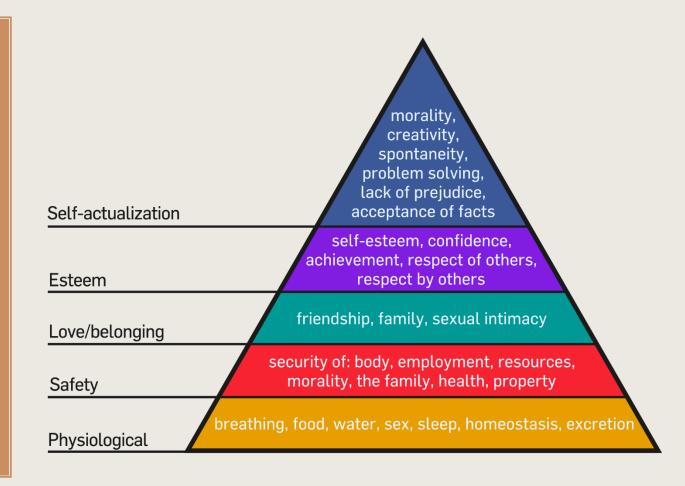
Very common in residents with dementia

 As dementia progresses these behaviors can become more frequent or more severe in nature



Causes of Challenging Behaviors

Challenging behaviors are often a result of an unmet need or a way to express her unmet need



Causes of Challenging Behaviors

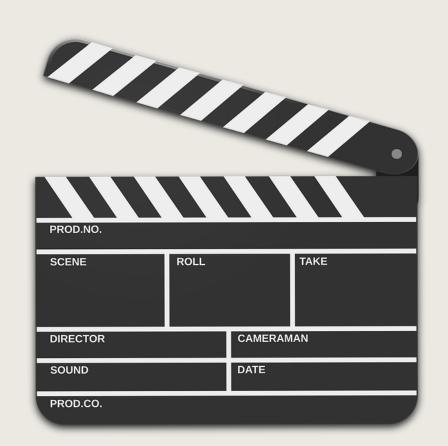
- Physical
 - pain, constipation, dehydration, infection, fatigue, side effects of medication
- Emotional
 - fear, loneliness, anxiety
- Environmental
 - overstimulation, disorientation, cluttered spaces, poor lighting
- Staff approaches to resident (care) and reactions to behaviors

Challenging Behaviors Video

What was the unmet need?

What other factors played into the resident's behavior?

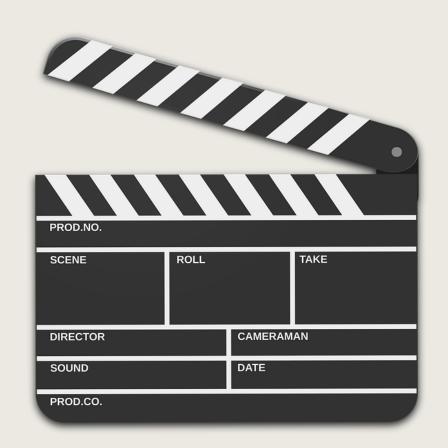
How did the staff reaction influence behavior?



Challenging Behaviors Video

What did the staff do differently this time?

How did the resident react to this approach?



Consequences of Challenging Behaviors

Potential safety issues

2. Creates resident and caregiver stress

Creates an additional care burden

Responding to Challenging Behaviors

- Remember to:
 - Stay calm
 - Maintain respect & dignity for resident
 - Use positive body language
 - Think about the reason for the behavior

- General Tactics:
 - Meet the unmet need
 - Re-direct the resident
 - Remove the source of resident's frustration
 - See out nurse or supervisor for specific practices in resident's care plan

Responding to Challenging Behaviors

Strategy used one day may not work the next day

- Take a minute to review your interaction with the resident.
 - What did you learn about the resident and/ or situation?
 - Is there a way to prevent that same behavior from happening again?

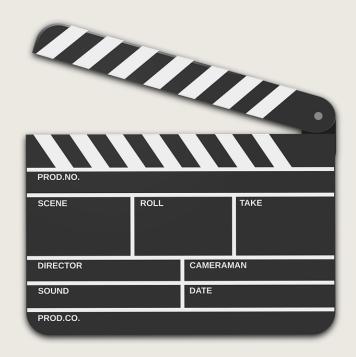
Challenging Behaviors at Meal Time

Eating Inedible Items

Provide finger foods

Remove paper products, wrappers, etc. from the table

Video Clip



Challenging Behaviors at Meal Time

Throwing Food

- Identify cause of combativeness
- Sit on resident's nondominant side
- Use non-breakable dishes
- Give resident one food at a time

Pacing During Meal Time

- Provide finger foods
- Use rituals as a cue to the resident (music, saying grace, etc.)
- Give resident a beverage as soon as they are seated for the meal

Challenging Behaviors at Meal Time

Refuses to Open Mouth

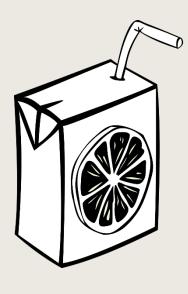
Offer fluids or something sweet

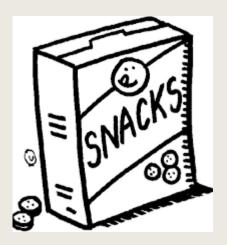
Offer alternative food items

 Have another staff member attempt to assist resident

Forgets She Has Eaten

Regularly provide resident with high calorie snacks





Session Summary

Resident's challenging behaviors have meaning,
 often are reaction to an unmet need.

The way you approach the resident can reduce the anxiety and agitation.

Your approach won't work the same for every resident or every time for the same resident.

Next Session and Contact Us

Recording of this session will be available via atom
 Alliance's Learning On Demand
 (http://atomalliance.org/webinars/on-demand-webinars/feeding-assistance-webinar-series/)

Next live webinar scheduled for:
 July 27th at 2PM CST/ 3PM EST

In the meantime, if you have questions or comment, contact us at:

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