

MEDICAL CENTER

Protocol: Contact Precautions for Patients in the Burn Intensive Care

Unit (BICU) and Burn Step-Down Unit

Category Protocol Number Approval Date: Clinical Practice BC-2018-03 8/28/2018 (BMD)

Review Date:

2/1/2018

Applicable to														
⊠ VUH	⊠ VC	□ VCH □ DOT] VMG	Off-s	ff-site locations		□ VMG		□ V	□ VPH		□ Other	
Team Members Performing														
⊠ All faculty staff	& 🗆	Faculty & staff providing direct patient care or contact		MD		House Staff			APRN/PA	□ R	RN		LPN	
Content Experts														
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Objectives

Describe a protocol for contact precautions and reverse isolation for patients admitted to the BICU and Burn Step-Down Unit

Scope

All patients admitted to the burn unit regardless of admission diagnosis

Audience

All individuals involved in the caring for burn patients



Guidance

- A. The following patients will be placed on isolation upon admission to the burn unit:
 - Any patient meeting the greater Vanderbilt University Medical Center guidelines for isolation.
 - For burn patients, any patient with ≥20% TBSA of open wounds (this includes burn wounds, SJS/TENS, and donor sites; % open will be determined by burn attending) will be placed in isolation. This is for the entire unit; ICU and stepdown.
 - A sign will be placed on the door indicating reverse isolation contact precautions.
 - Reverse isolation precautions will remain with the patient throughout the hospital until their wounds are <20% open.
 - o Reverse isolation precautions will continue when the patient travels off the unit for operations, procedures, and/or imaging.
 - Family members/Visitors should adhere to reverse isolation precautions

B. Precautions for wound care:

 Any person actively participating in the wound care of a burn patient will wear a gown, gloves, mask, and hair cover for the entirety of the wound care. Persons coming in to evaluate wounds will wear full PPE if the patient is ≥20% TBSA open, otherwise, a mask is required.

References

- 1. Coban YK. Infection control in severely burned patients. *World journal of critical care medicine.* 2012;1(4):94-101.
- 2. Church D, Elsayed S, Reid O, Winston B, Lindsay R. Burn Wound Infections. *Clinical Microbiology Reviews.* Vol 192006:403-434.